



# A Proven Methodology to Secure the Budget You Need

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What we  
are going  
to cover  
today

- 1. The Problem** – Why Securing Budget is Difficult
- 2. The Solution** – Documented Trust & Confidence
- 3. Real Life Examples** – How it Works
- 4. Applying It** – Immediately, 3 months, 6 months



# 1. The Problem

*Why Securing Budget is Difficult*

# Your Budget Situation

## Raise Your Hand if ...



You have 100%  
of the *budget*  
you truly need  
to get your job  
done right



You have 100%  
of the *staff* you  
truly need to  
get your job  
done right



## Today we will talk about:

- Why does this problem occur?
- How does this problem manifest itself?
- How ***you can all raise your hand the next time you are asked if *you have 100% of the budget or staff you need.****

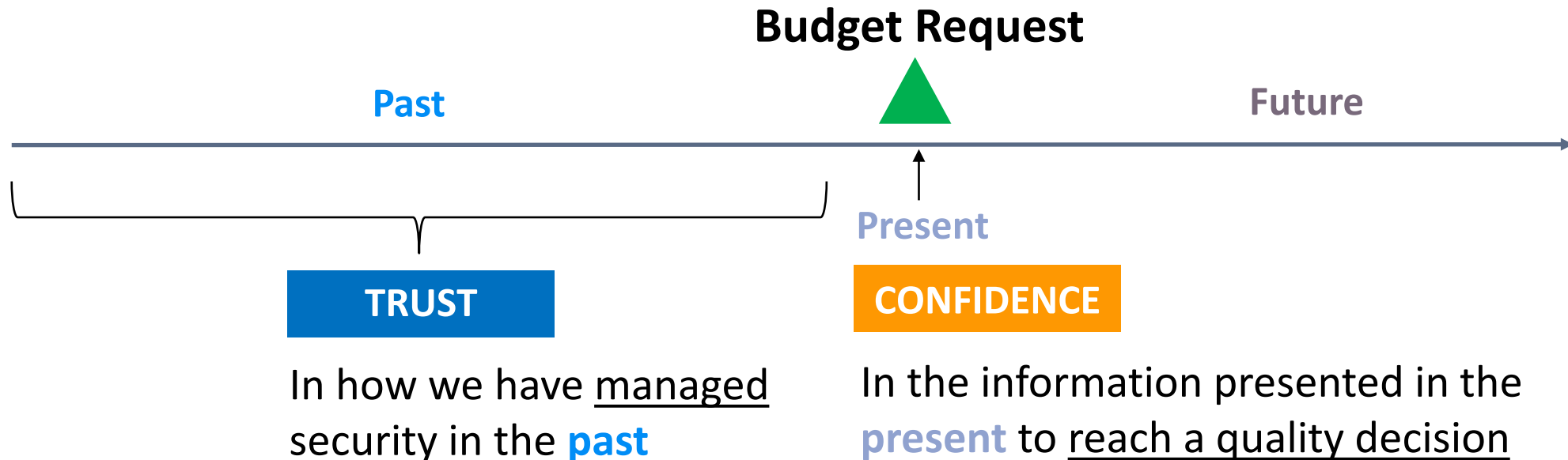
# Two Parts that Factor into Securing a Budget

## TRUST

In how we have managed security in the **past**

## CONFIDENCE

In the information presented in the **present** to reach a quality decision



# Establishing Trust and Confidence

If you asked your Leadership Team these four questions, how would they respond?

1. **Risk Management:** Do we have a “clear line” to definitively know if a Risk is “okay” to accept, or “not okay” to accept and we need to remediate it?
2. **Communication:** When discussing risks, are InfoSec and Senior Leadership speaking the same or different languages?
3. **Legal Protection:** Are we in a legally defensible position?
4. **Budgeting:** Are we spending the right amount?

# Establishing Trust and Confidence

We surveyed 140 **CEOs and CFOs**<sup>1</sup>. Of the C-level respondents:

**65%** DO NOT understand **when** it is “okay” to accept a risk

**85%** DO NOT understand **what** InfoSec is saying

**96%** DO NOT know if they are in a legally defensible position

**97%** DO NOT know if they are spending the right amount on Security

**C-Level executives do not have the information  
they need to approve budgets!**

<sup>1</sup> Cybersecurity Breakfast “How Safe Is Your Data” Webinar - April 22<sup>nd</sup>, 2021

# What Happens When C-Level Does Not Have the Information They Need to Approve?

- They approve as little budget as they feel they must!
- That is why the InfoSec function is so frequently under-resourced!





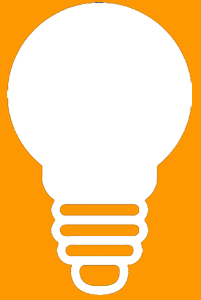
# How Are InfoSec & C-Level Speaking Different Languages?



# When Budget Approvers Don't Receive the Information They Need, You Don't Receive the Budget You Need!



Unless you recently experienced a breach or the project has political clout, the **Business wins the budget debate most of the time!**



## 2. The Solution

*Documented Trust & Confidence*

# SOLUTION: Documented Trust & Confidence

**Duty of Care Risk Analysis (DoCRA)** is the solution for creating a common language between InfoSec and Business!

**DoCRA** is based on the legal concept of “**Due Care.**” This means, we must protect others from the harm we may cause them by implementing controls that are not more burdensome to us than the risk of the harm to others.

**Due Care** is the level of care that the legal system expects an organization to perform.

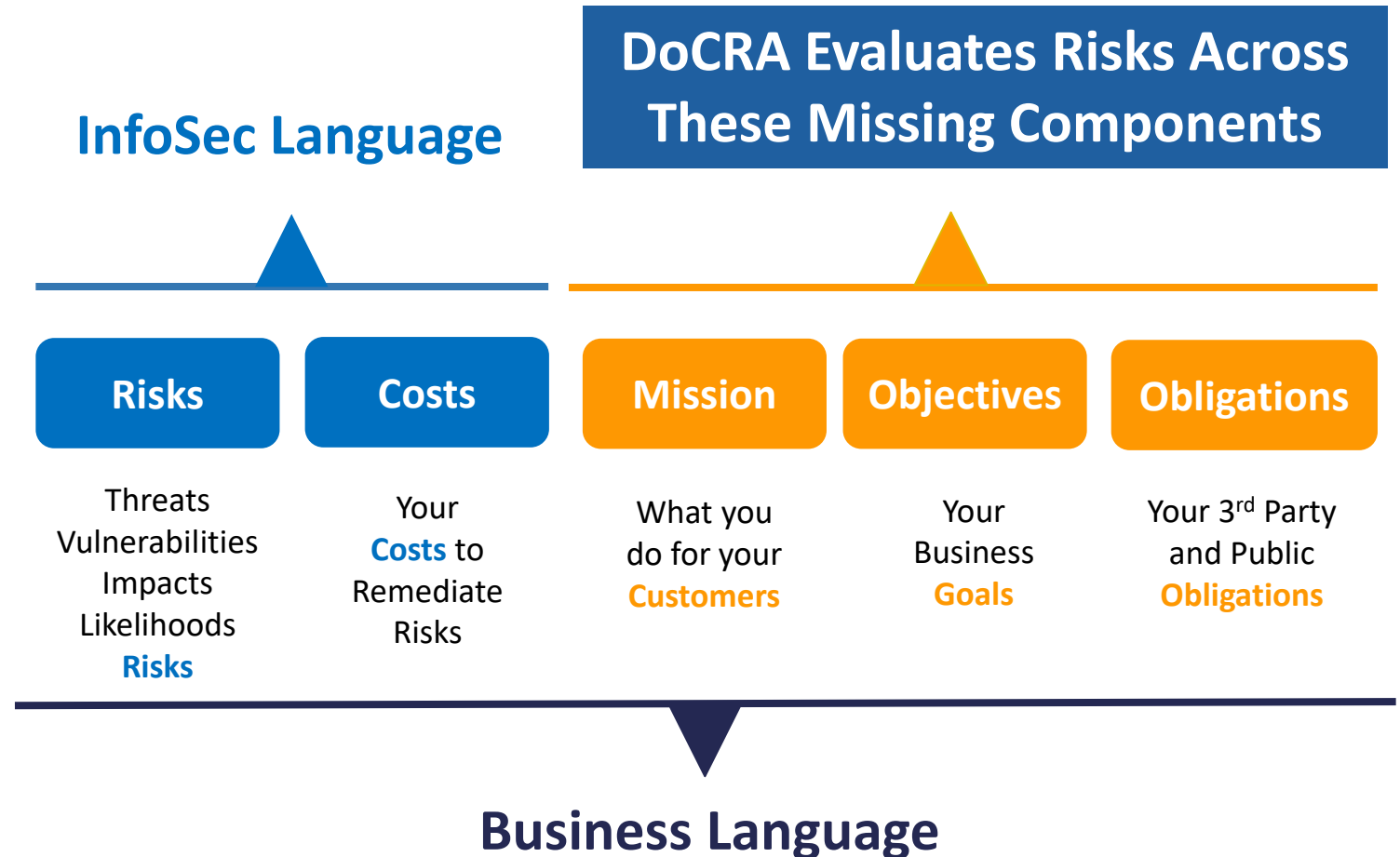
# SOLUTION: Documented Trust & Confidence

The **DoCRA** Risk Assessment methodology answers the four questions allowing C-Level need to make informed budgeting decisions:

1. **A clear “line” / risk acceptance criteria** to evaluate whether to “accept” the risk or “invest” in mitigation
2. **Common language** between InfoSec and business / regulators / legal system
3. **Legally defensible** position by defining what is legally “reasonable”
4. **Risk Management process** to know you are spending the right amount

# How does DoCRA create a Common Language?

DoCRA fills in the missing **components** to create a common language as a universal translator.



# About DoCRA

- The **Duty of Care Risk Analysis (DoCRA)** methodology was launched as a standard in early 2018
- **DoCRA** is a non-profit organization
- **DoCRA** donated a version of its Risk Assessment Methodology to CIS® (Center for Internet Security)
- CIS published this Risk Assessment Method 2.1 (**CIS RAM**), containing DoCRA, with the CIS Controls Version 8
- **DoCRA** can be utilized with CIS, NIST, ISO or any control set



# About DoCRA

- **DoCRA** has had **significant adoption**
- Over 50,000 downloads of the CIS RAM 1.0 and over 10,000 downloads of CIS RAM 2.1 Methodology
- Used by state Attorneys General to determine whether controls were legally “reasonable” during a breach
- Utilized by federal regulators to develop post-breach corrective action plans (injunctive relief)



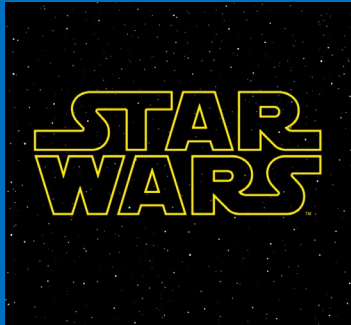
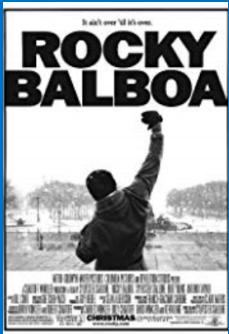


# Example: Calculated Acceptable Risk Definition (CARD)

Impact	Mission   What Do You Do For Your Customers	Objectives   Your Business Goals	Obligations   Your Public Duty
Definition	Provide information to help customers achieve greatness.	Operate profitably.	Customers must not be harmed by compromised information.
1. Negligible	<b>1.00</b> - Customers continue to access helpful information, and outcomes are on track.	<b>1.00</b> - Profits are on target.	<b>1.00</b> - Customers do not experience loss of service or protection.
2. Low	<b>2.00</b> - Some Customers may not get all the information they need as they request it.	<b>2.00</b> - Profits are off target but are within planned variance.	<b>2.00</b> - Customers may be concerned, but not harmed.
3. Medium	<b>3.00</b> - Some Customers cannot access the information they need to maintain good health outcomes.	<b>3.00</b> - Profits are off planned variance and may take a fiscal year to recover.	<b>3.00</b> - Some Customers may be harmed financially or reputationally after compromise of information or services.
4. High	<b>4.00</b> - Many Customers consistently cannot access beneficial information.	<b>4.00</b> - Profits are off planned variance and may take more than a fiscal year to recover.	<b>4.00</b> - Many Customers may be harmed financially or reputationally.
5. Catastrophic	<b>5.00</b> - We can no longer provide helpful information to Customers.	<b>5.00</b> - The organization cannot operate profitably.	<b>5.00</b> - Some Customers may be harmed financially, reputationally, or physically.

# Does the Narrative and How We Provide Information to Budget Approvers Really Matter?

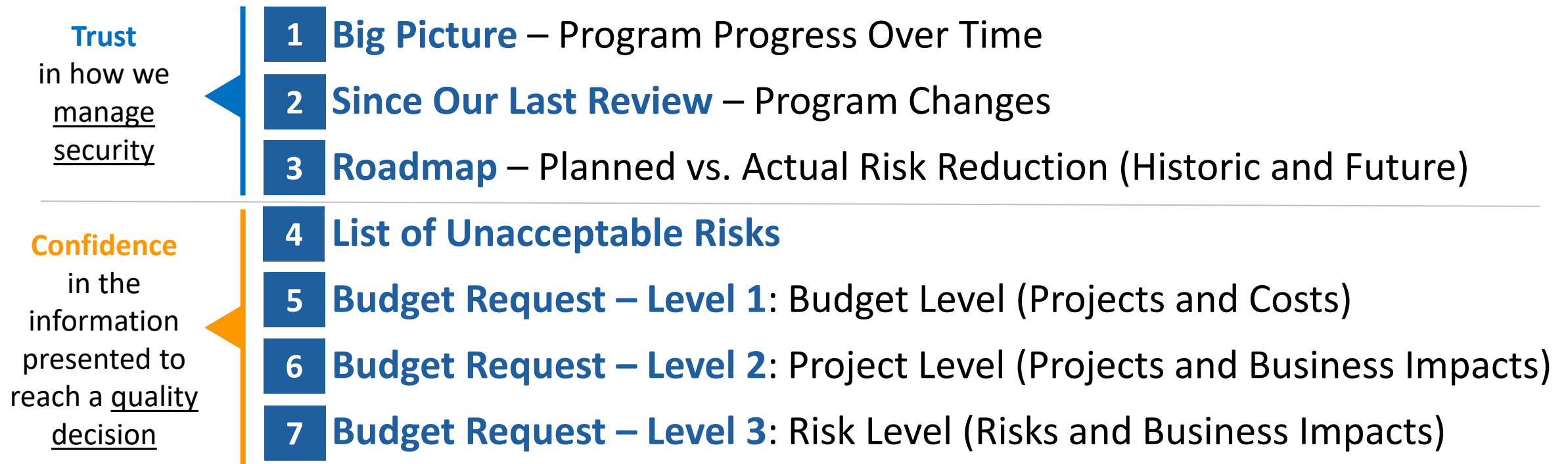
- Do you know what the movies Rocky, Star Wars, The Matrix, Spider Man, The Lion King, Lord of the Rings, Harry Potter, and countless other hits have in common?



- These Blockbuster Movies follow a **proven narrative** called “The Hero’s Journey”
- Your Budget Requests should also follow a **proven narrative**, that provides decision makers **the information they need** to make a quality decision.

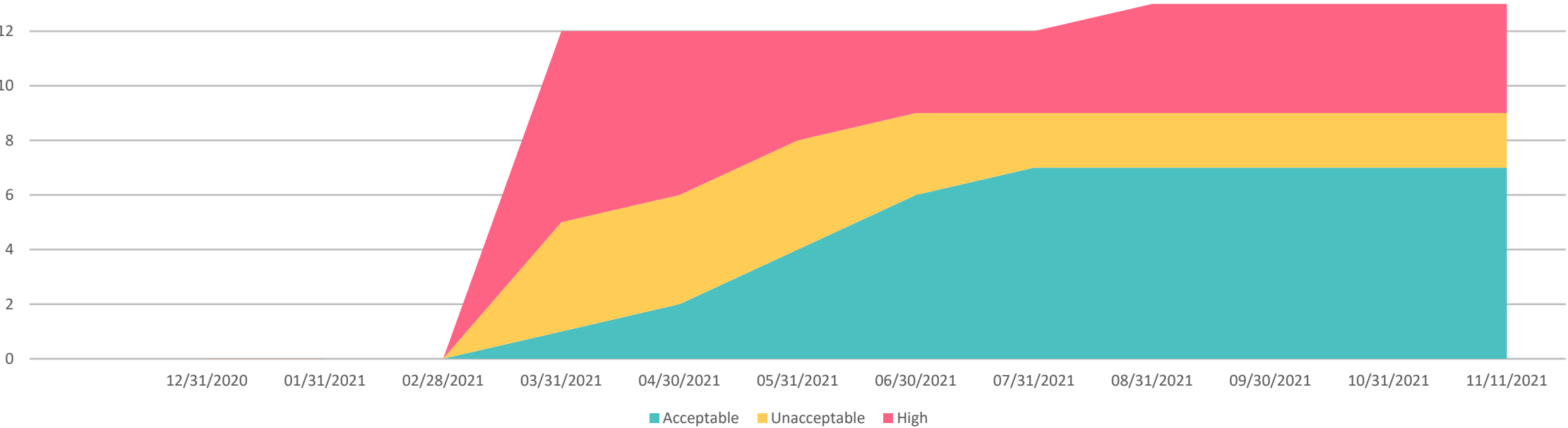
# Proven Budget Request Narrative

## Documenting Trust and Enabling Confidence



# 1. Big Picture - Program Progress Over Time

	Dec 2020	Jan 2021	Feb 2021	Mar 2021	Apr 2021	May 2021	Jun 2021	Jul 2021	Aug 2021	Sep 2021	Oct 2021	Nov 2021
High				7	6	4	3	3	4	4	4	4
Unacceptable				4	4	4	3	2	2	2	2	2
Acceptable				1	2	4	6	7	7	7	7	7
Total				12	12	12	12	12	13	13	13	13



# 2. Since Our Last Review – Program Changes

New Risks Identified

Several new risks identified relating to the Business Email Compromise Incident we experienced last quarter.

Risks	Acceptable	Unacceptable	High
Risk Count   Prior to Last Review	7	2	4
New Risks Identified Since Last Review	0	0	0
Risk Count   Current	7	2	4

What contributed to risks since last review:

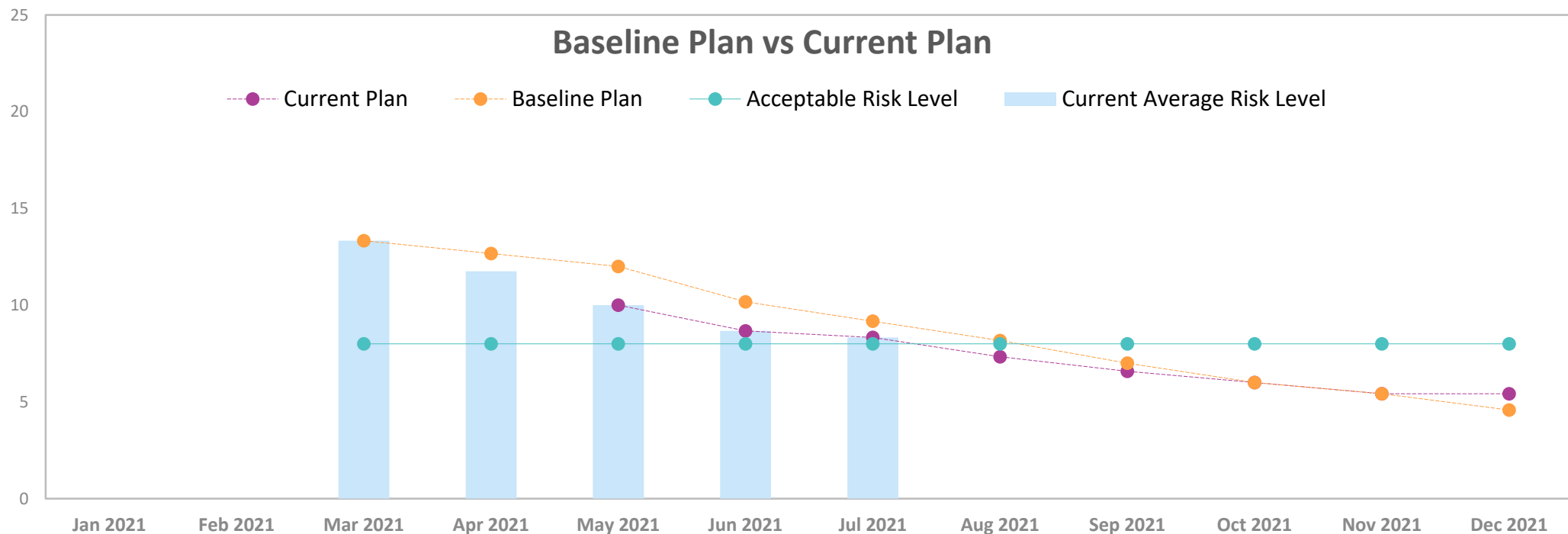
- ☐ Customer Requirements
- ☒ Incident
- ☐ Mergers & acquisitions
- ☐ New Technology
- ☐ Other Assessment
- ☒ Penetration Test
- ☐ Regulatory Change
- ☐ Scope Increase
- ☐ Threat Landscape
- ☐ Zero Day
- ☐ Other (see below)

Comments

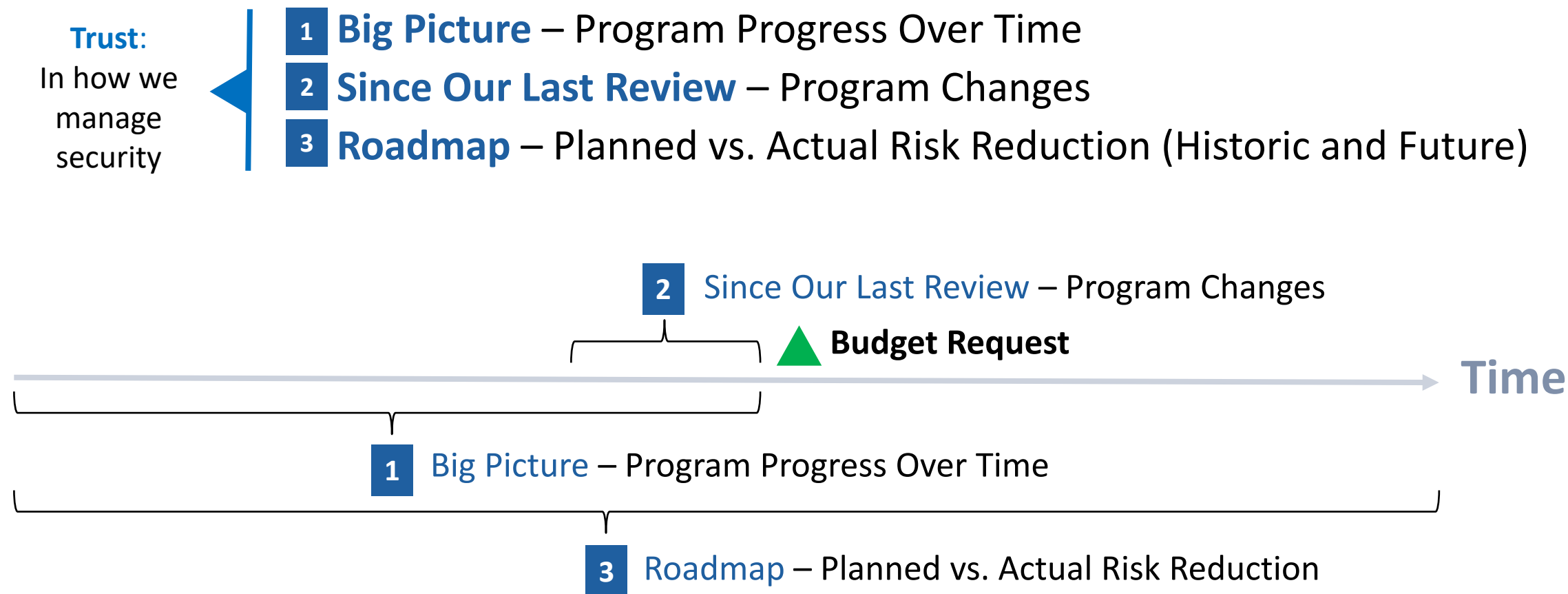
We completed our yearly Pen Test and also had an incident in Finance relating to Business Email Compromise

### 3. Roadmap – Planned vs. Actual Risk Level

- We stayed ahead of schedule for many months and now below the acceptable risk level
- The decisions you made when you approved resources in March, *enabled the organization to deliver on lowering risks* through July

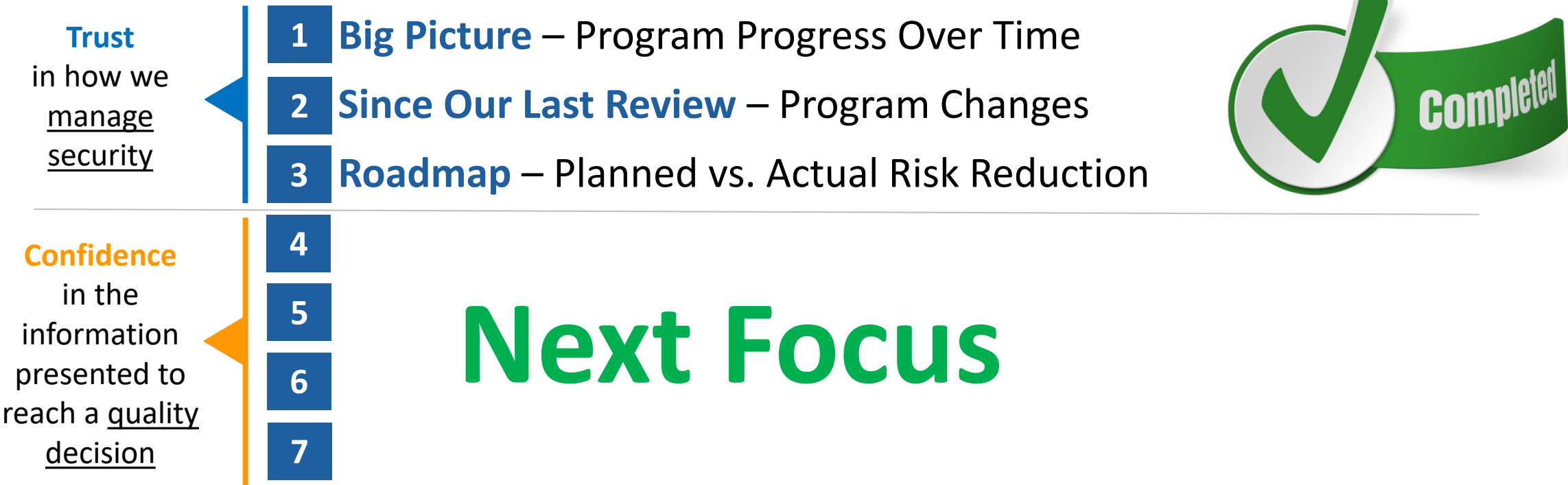


# Proven Budget Request Narrative: How We Have **Established Trust**



# Proven Budget Request Narrative:

## Next, We Establish Confidence





# 4. Risks that Require Treatment

The **red line** represents our **Acceptable Risk Level** (a “9”), below which we “**accept**” the risk and at or above which we must do something to “**mitigate**” the risk.

Risk ID	Risk Score	Risk Description	Likelihood	MISSION (For Our Customers)	OBJECTIVES (Business Goals)	OBLIGATIONS (3 <sup>RD</sup> Party & Public)
12	25	IT Security conducts informal assessments of all third parties prior to contract completion.	5	4	3	5
2	15	Secure application development is conducted by a third party that is non contractually obligated or coding securely.	3	4	4	5
2	12	All access requests are submitted via ServiceNow and executed by IT.	3	4	3	2
5	6	Passwords for privileged accounts not adequately managed	2	2	3	2
9	6	Employee onboarding lacks access roles	3	2	1	2

# 5. Budget Request - Level 1: Budget Level

Remediation Project	Estimated Completion Date	Status	Approved	RiskIDs Treated	Initial Implementation Costs		Ongoing Yearly Costs		Risk Reduction
					Hard Costs	Soft Costs	Hard Costs	Soft Costs	
Third Party Risk Management Program	12/31/2022	Open	No	5	\$80,000	\$10,000	\$30,000	\$15,000	<b>25 to 6</b>
Secure Application Development program	10/30/2022	Open	No	8	\$60,000	\$30,000	\$20,000	\$10,000	<b>20 to 6</b>
Access Control program	12/31/2022	Open	No	9	\$45,000	\$5,000	\$15,000	\$5,000	<b>12 to 8</b>
<b>Total</b>					<b>\$185,000</b>	<b>\$45,000</b>	<b>\$65,000</b>	<b>\$30,000</b>	

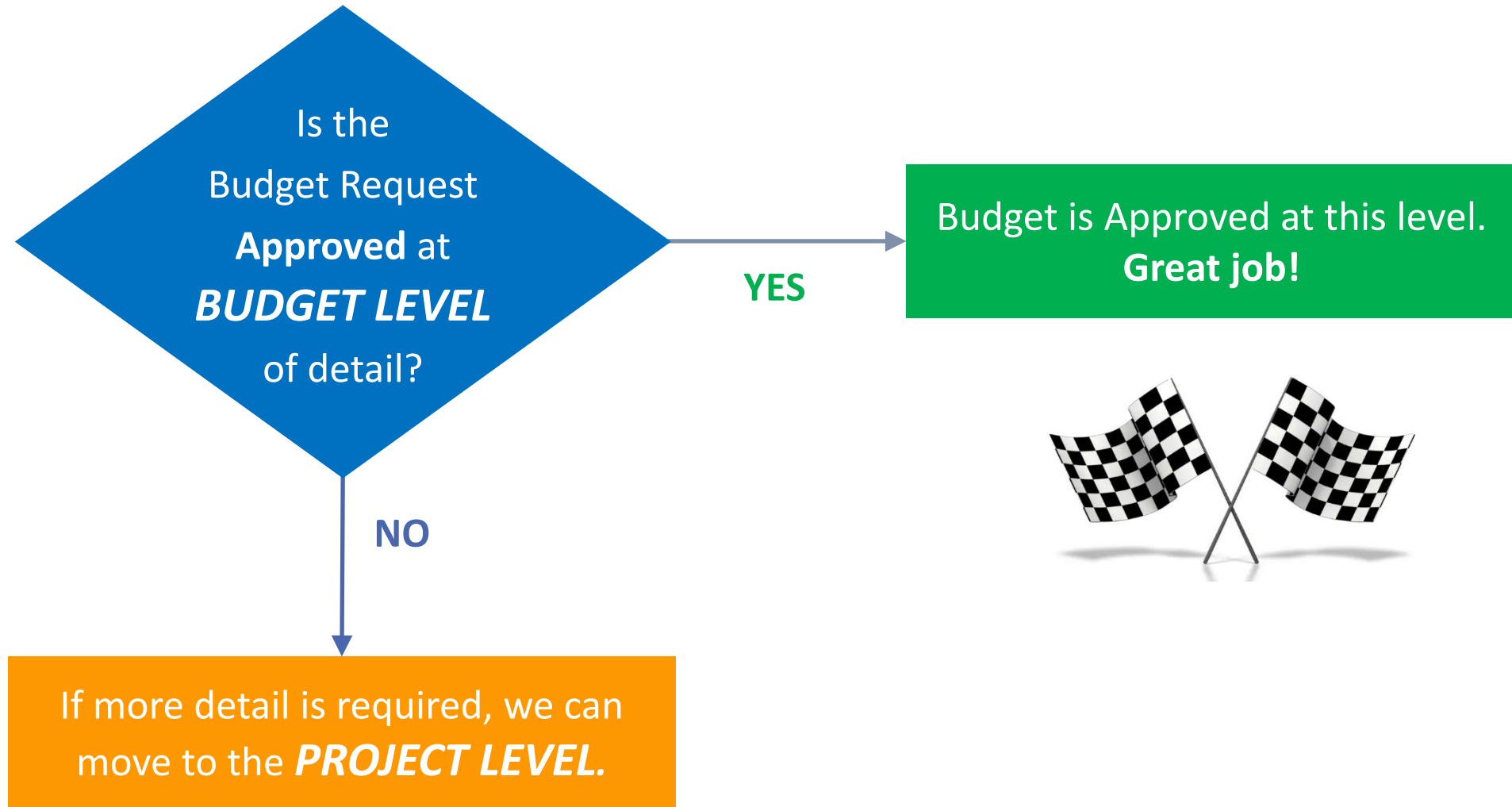
## Today's Budget Request Summary

- Total Initial **Implementation Costs**: \$230,000 (\$185,000 Hard Costs + \$45,000 Soft Costs)
- Total Ongoing **Yearly Ongoing Costs**: \$95,000 (\$65,000 Hard Costs + \$30,000 Soft Costs)

## Yearly Budget Variance Summary

- Yearly Budget Approved: \$1,000,000
- Yearly Budget Already Committed: \$900,000
- Budget Variance Requested: \$130,000 (\$230,000 + \$900,000 = \$1,130,000. This is \$130,000 Over Approved Budget)

# Level 1 – Is Budget Level Request Sufficient?

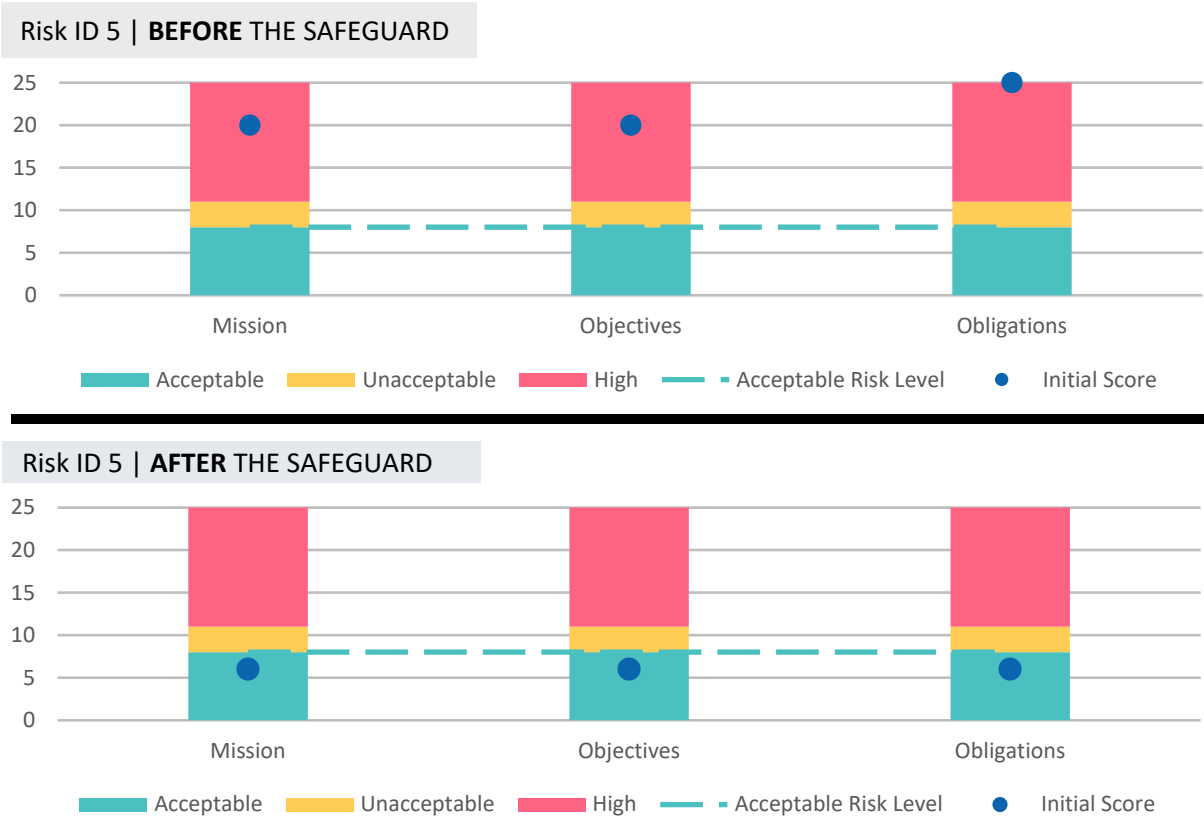


# 6. Budget Request - Level 2: Project Level

Project Name: *Third Party Risk Management Program*

Estimated Completion Date	Status	Approved	RiskIDs Treated	Initial Implementation Costs		Ongoing Yearly Costs		Risk Reduction
				Hard Costs	Soft Costs	Hard Costs	Soft Costs	
12/31/2021	Open	No	5	\$80,000	\$10,000	\$30,000	\$15,000	25 to 6

What This Project Accomplishes	This project would build out a formal program to assess risk and manage risk for third parties.
Notes	Currently no formal program exists for assessing or managing risk to third parties and this is done ad-hoc.



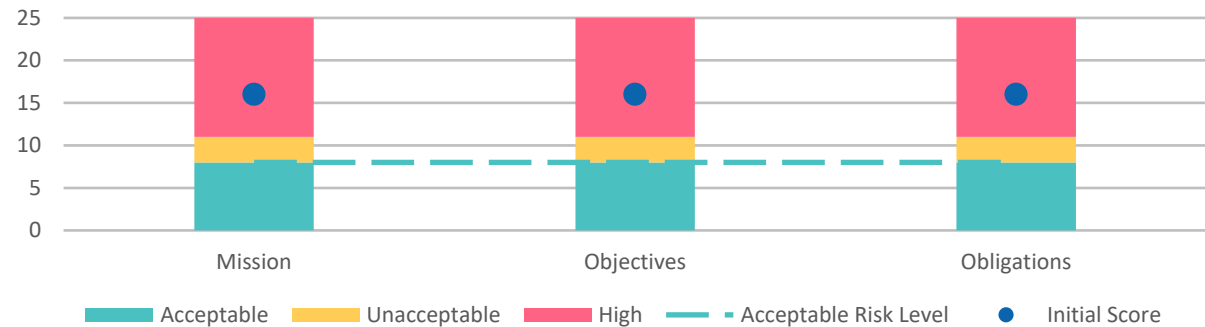
# 6. Budget Request - Level 2: Project Level

Project Name: *Secure Application Development program*

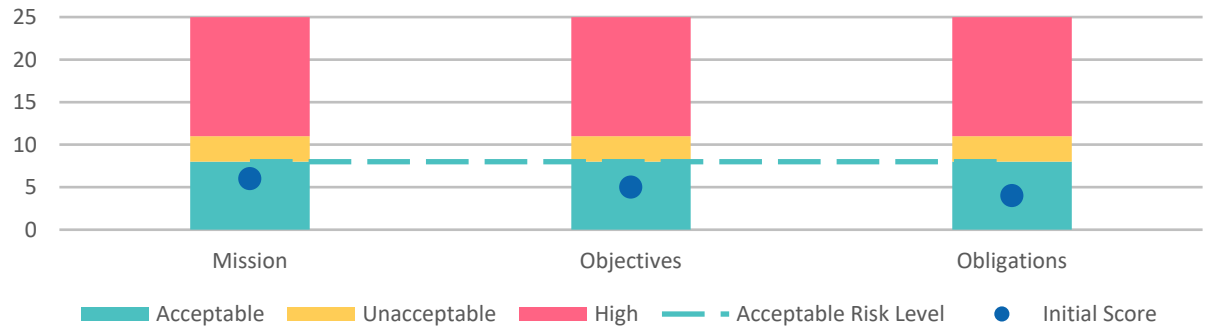
Estimated Completion Date	Status	Approved	RiskIDs Treated	Initial Implementation Costs		Ongoing Yearly Costs		Risk Reduction
				Hard Costs	Soft Costs	Hard Costs	Soft Costs	
10/30/2021	Open	No	8	\$60,000	\$30,000	\$20,000	\$10,000	20 to 6

What This Project Accomplishes	This project would put in place the training and implementation of a Secure Application Development program.
Notes	Currently nothing formal exists and this is done in various levels by various individuals.

Risk ID 8 | BEFORE THE SAFEGUARD



Risk ID 8 | AFTER THE SAFEGUARD



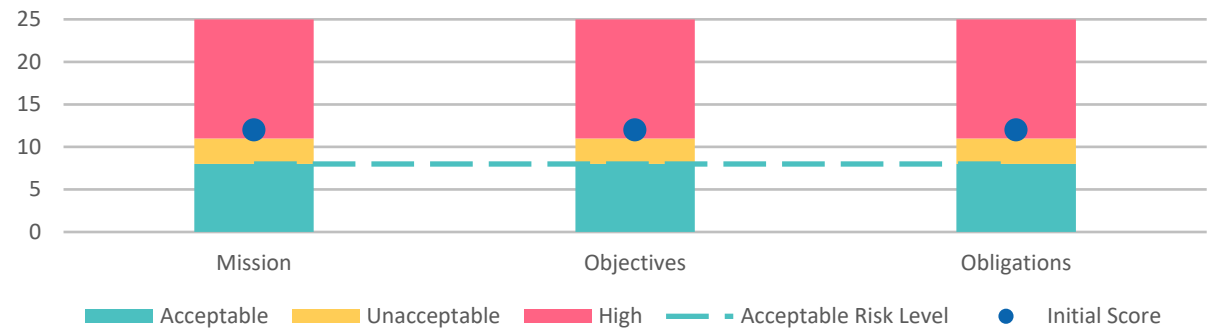
# 6. Budget Request - Level 2: Project Level

Project Name: Access Control program

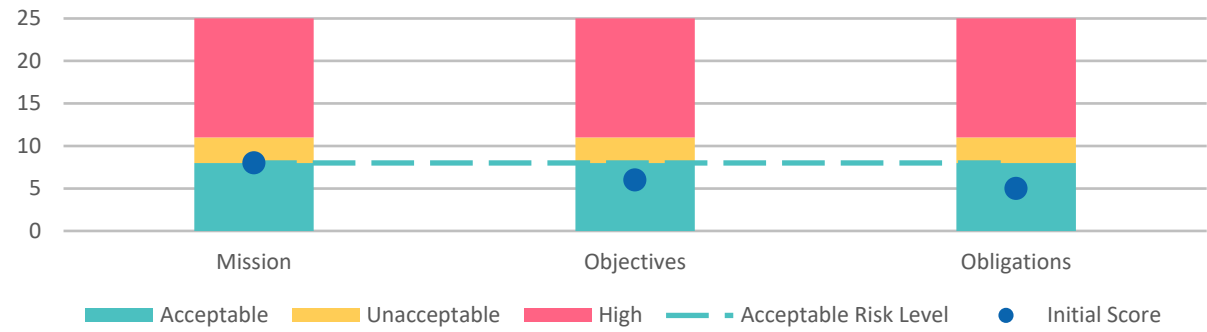
Estimated Completion Date	Status	Approved	RiskIDs Treated	Initial Implementation Costs		Ongoing Yearly Costs		Risk Reduction
				Hard Costs	Soft Costs	Hard Costs	Soft Costs	
12/31/2021	Open	No	9	\$45,000	\$5,000	\$15,000	\$5,000	12 to 8

What This Project Accomplishes	Develop and Implement an Access Control Program
Notes	Currently no Access Control Program exists

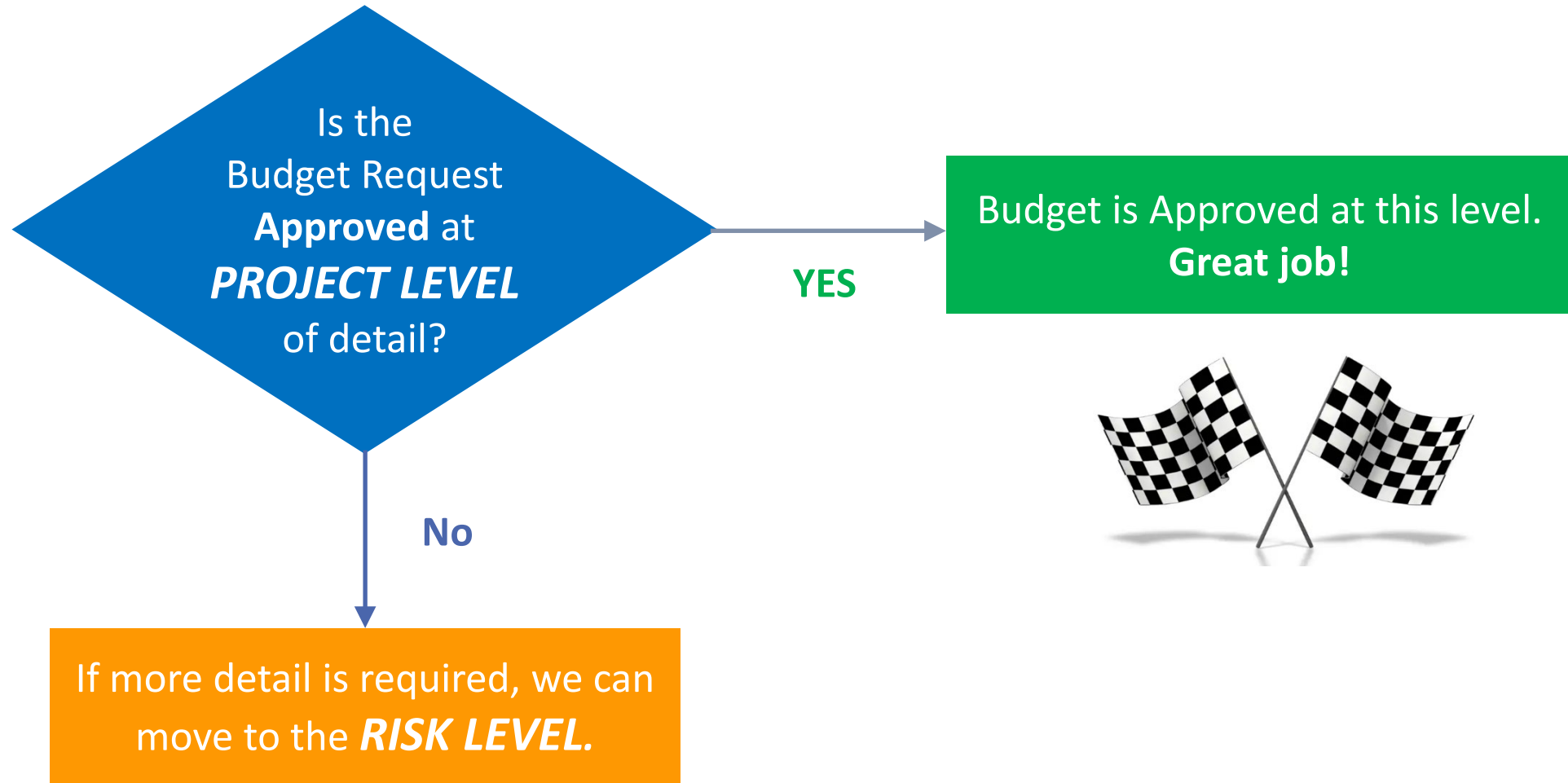
Risk ID 9 | BEFORE THE SAFEGUARD



Risk ID 9 | AFTER THE SAFEGUARD



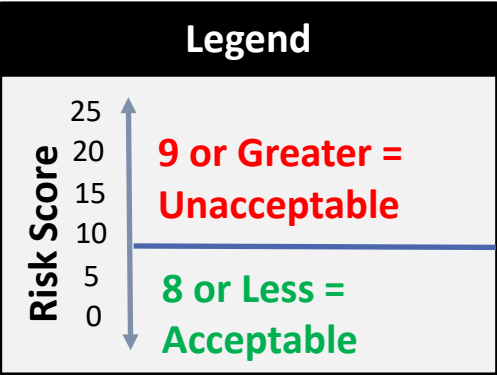
# Level 2 – Is Project Level Request Sufficient?



# 7. Budget Request - Level 3: Risk Level

## Risk Overview

Risk ID	Risk Description
5	IT Security conducts informal assessments of all third parties prior to contract completion.



## Related Project Overview

Remediation Project	Estimated Completion Date	Status	Approved	RiskIDs Treated	Initial Implementation Costs		Ongoing Yearly Costs		Risk Reduction
					Hard Costs	Soft Costs	Hard Costs	Soft Costs	
Third Party Risk Management Program	12/31/2022	Open	No	5	\$80,000	\$10,000	\$30,000	\$15,000	25 to 6

## RISK IF PROJECT IS NOT DONE

Risk Score: 20 out of 25 (Catastrophic)	MISSION Score: 20 out of 25	OBJECTIVES Score: 20 out of 25	OBLIGATIONS Score: 20 out of 25
Likelihood = 5 Likelihood (5) x Highest Impact (5) = Risk of 25	4.00 - Many Customers consistently cannot access beneficial information.	4.00 - Profits may take more than a fiscal year to recover.	5.00 - Some Customers may be harmed financially, reputationally, or physically.

## RISK AFTER DOING THE PROJECT

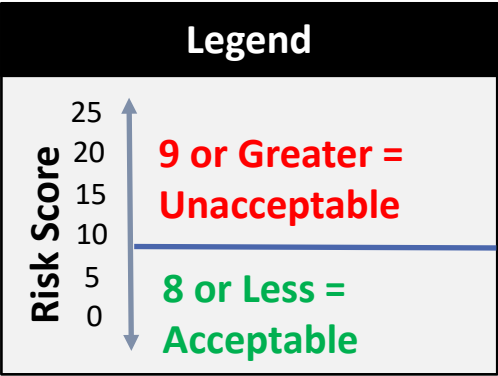
Risk Score: 6 out of 25 (Acceptable)	MISSION Score: 6 out of 25	OBJECTIVES Score: 6 out of 25	OBLIGATIONS Score: 6 out of 25
Likelihood = 3 Likelihood (2) x Highest Impact (3) = Risk of 6	2.00 - Some Customers may not get all the information they need as they request it.	2.00 - Profits <u>are within planed variance.</u>	2.00 - Customers may be concerned, but not harmed.



# 7. Budget Request - Level 3: Risk Level

## Risk Overview

Risk ID	Risk Description
8	Secure application development is conducted by a third party that is non-contractually obligated or coding securely.



## Related Project Overview

Remediation Project	Estimated Completion Date	Status	Approved	RiskIDs Treated	Initial Implementation Costs		Ongoing Yearly Costs		Risk Reduction
					Hard Costs	Soft Costs	Hard Costs	Soft Costs	
Secure Application Development program	10/30/2021	Open	No	8	\$60,000	\$30,000	\$20,000	\$10,000	20 to 6

## RISK IF PROJECT IS NOT DONE

Risk Score: 12 out of 25 (Catastrophic)	MISSION Score: 20 of out 25	OBJECTIVES Score: 20 of out 25	OBLIGATIONS Score: Score: 20 of out 25
Likelihood = 5 Likelihood (5) x Highest Impact (4) = Risk of 20	4.00 - Many Customers consistently cannot access beneficial information.	4.00 - Profits may take more than a fiscal year to recover.	4.00 - Many Customers may be harmed financially or reputationally.

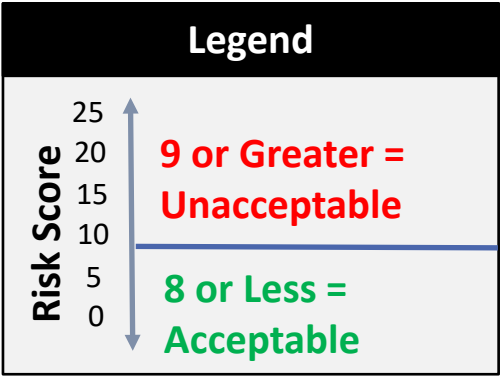
## RISK AFTER DOING THE PROJECT

Risk Score: 6 out of 25 (Acceptable)	MISSION Score: 6 out of 25	OBJECTIVES Score: 6 out of 25	OBLIGATIONS Score: 6 out of 25
Likelihood = -2 Likelihood (2) x Highest Impact (3) = Risk of 6	3.00 - Some Customers cannot access the information they need to maintain good health outcomes.	3.00 - Profits are off planned variance and may take a fiscal year to recover.	2.00 - Customers may be concerned, but not harmed.

# 7. Budget Request - Level 3: Risk Level

## Risk Overview

Risk ID	Risk Description
9	All access requests are submitted via ServiceNow and executed by IT. Access to SaaS application is not following a standardized access control program



## Related Project Overview

Remediation Project	Estimated Completion Date	Status	Approved	RiskIDs Treated	Initial Implementation Costs		Ongoing Yearly Costs		Risk Reduction
					Hard Costs	Soft Costs	Hard Costs	Soft Costs	
Access control program	12/31/2021	Open	No	9	\$45,000	\$5,000	\$15,000	\$5,000	12 to 8

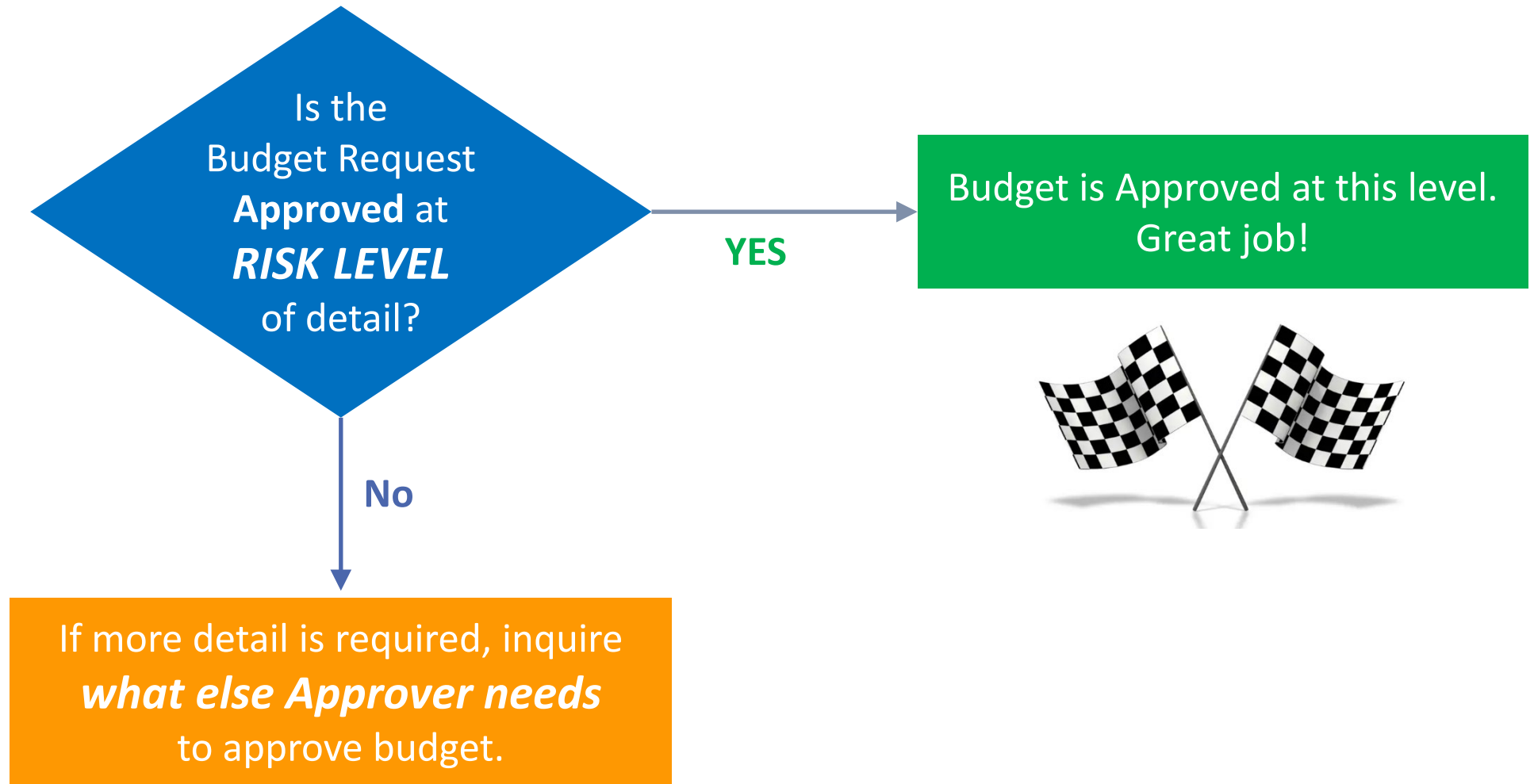
### RISK IF PROJECT IS NOT DONE

Risk Score: 12 out of 25 (High)	Mission Score: 12 out of 25	Objectives Score: 12 out of 25	Obligations Score: 12 out of 25
Likelihood = 3 Likelihood (3) x Highest Impact (4) = Risk of 12	4.00 - Many Customers consistently cannot access beneficial information.	4.00 - Profits may take more than a fiscal year to recover.	4.00 - Many Customers may be harmed financially or reputationally.

### RISK AFTER DOING THE PROJECT

Risk Score: 8 out of 25 (Acceptable)	Mission Score: 8 out of 25	Objectives Score: 6 out of 25	Obligations Score: 6 out of 25
Likelihood = 2 Likelihood (2) x Highest Impact (4) = Risk of 8	4.00 - Many Customers consistently cannot access beneficial information.	3.00 - Profits are off planned variance and may take a fiscal year to recover.	2.00 - Customers may be concerned, but not harmed.

## Level 3 – Is Risk Level Request Sufficient?

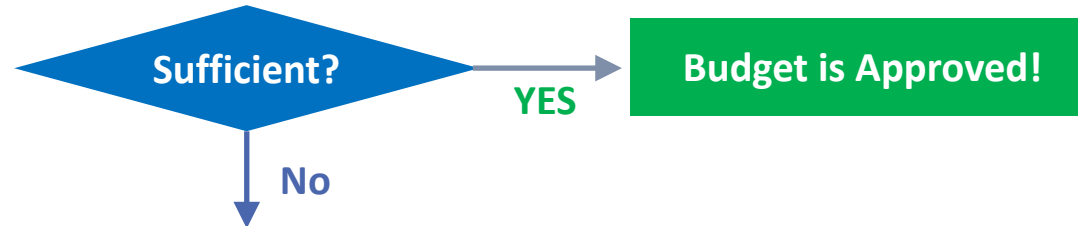


# Budget Narrative – How We Established Confidence

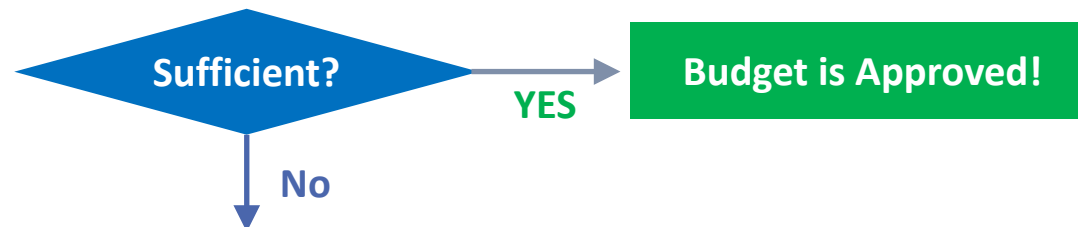
**Confidence**  
in the  
information  
presented to  
reach a quality  
decision

4 List of Risks that Require Mitigation

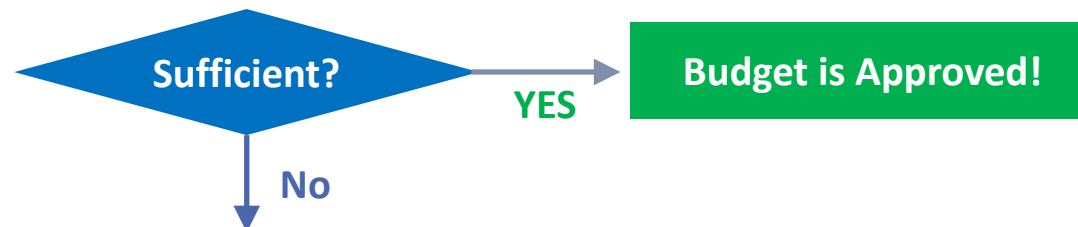
5 Budget Request – Level 1: Budget Level (Projects and Costs)



6 Budget Request – Level 2: Project Level (Projects and Business Impacts)



7 Budget Request – Level 3: Risk Level (Risks and Business Impacts)



Inquire what else needed?



# 3. Real-Life Examples

## *How It Works*

# The Trust & Confidence Meter



## Trust

In how you Manage Security

## Confidence

In the information presented to reach a Quality Decision

# Two Budget Request Approaches with Different Outcomes

**Example:** Data Loss Prevention (DLP) Budget Approval Request

- 1. Traditional Approach**
- 2. Proven Budget Narrative Approach**

# Traditional Approach



# Traditional Approach – DLP Budget Request

**CISO:** “We need a DLP product to catch personal information for claims data that might be leaving the company through email, FTP, web app file shares, or other means.”

**CISO:** “I recommend this \$250,000 solution that solves this burning issue and gets us everything we need.”

**CFO:** “That’s a quarter of your budget. Is there a more affordable option or could we implement just a portion of it?”

**CISO:** “The entry level, bare-bones solution from this vendor is \$50,000, but it will not eliminate all of our risk.”

**CFO:** “Let’s start with approving \$50,000 this year and re-evaluate next year.”



# Traditional Approach – DLP Budget Request

## Does Management Have Information to Answer the 4 Questions?

1. **Risk Management:** “clear line” to know if a Risk “is okay” to accept? **Don't Know**
2. **Communication:** Speaking the same or different languages? **Don't Understand**
3. **Legal Protection:** Legally protected? **Not Sure**
4. **Budgeting:** Spending the right amount? **Don't Know**

## Trust and Confidence



## What happened?

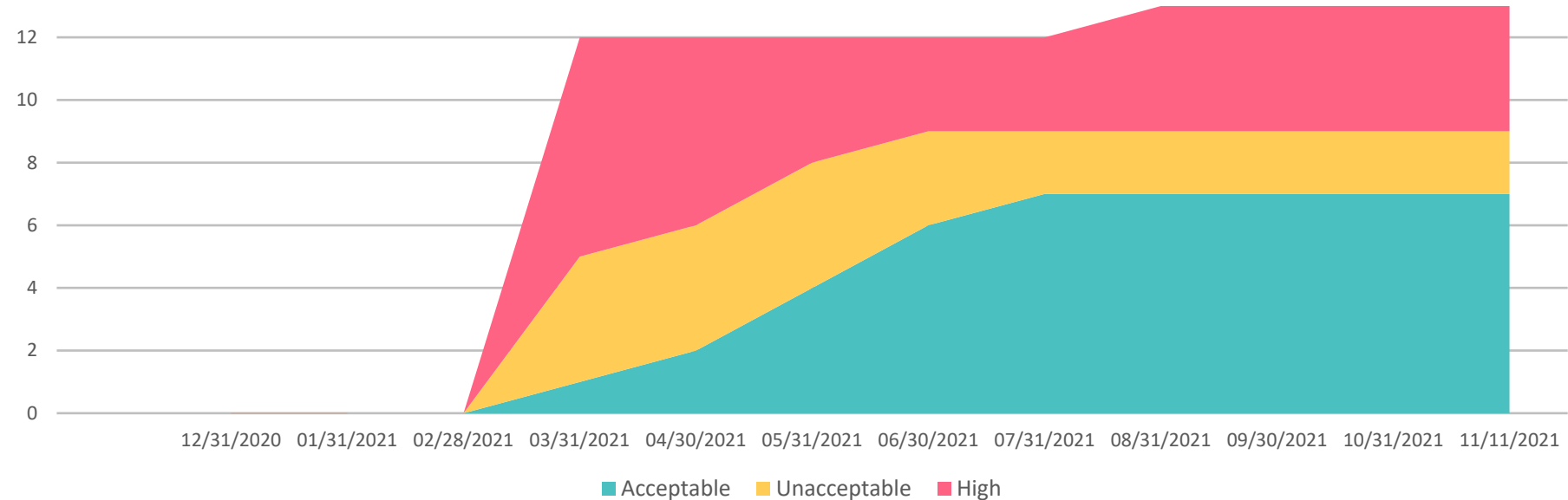
- The Budget *Approver did not have* the information they needed, so the Budget *Requester did not receive* the budget they needed!
- The *CISO received 20%* of the budget they requested.
- The *company is exposed* and the *CISO is exposed*.

# Proven Budget Narrative Approach

# Proven Budget Narrative Approach

## 1. Big Picture - Program Progress Over Time

	Dec 2020	Jan 2021	Feb 2021	Mar 2021	Apr 2021	May 2021	Jun 2021	Jul 2021	Aug 2021	Sep 2021	Oct 2021	Nov 2021
High				7	6	4	3	3	4	4	4	4
Unacceptable				4	4	4	3	2	2	2	2	2
Acceptable				1	2	4	6	7	7	7	7	7
Total				12	12	12	12	12	13	13	13	13



# Proven Budget Narrative Approach

## 2. Since Our Last Review – Program Changes

New Risks Identified	Several new risks identified relating to the Business Email Compromise Incident we experienced last quarter.
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Risks	Acceptable	Unacceptable	High
Risk Count   Prior to Last Review	7	2	4
New Risks Identified Since Last Review	0	0	0
Risk Count   Current	7	2	4

What contributed to risks since last review:

☐ Customer Requirements

☒ Incident

☐ Mergers & acquisitions

☐ New Technology

☒ Penetration Test

☐ Regulatory Change

☐ Scope Increase

☐ Other Assessment

☐ Zero Day

☐ Other (see below)

☐ Threat Landscape

Comments	We completed our yearly Pen Test and also experienced a security incident in the Finance Business Unit relating to Business Email Compromise (BEC)
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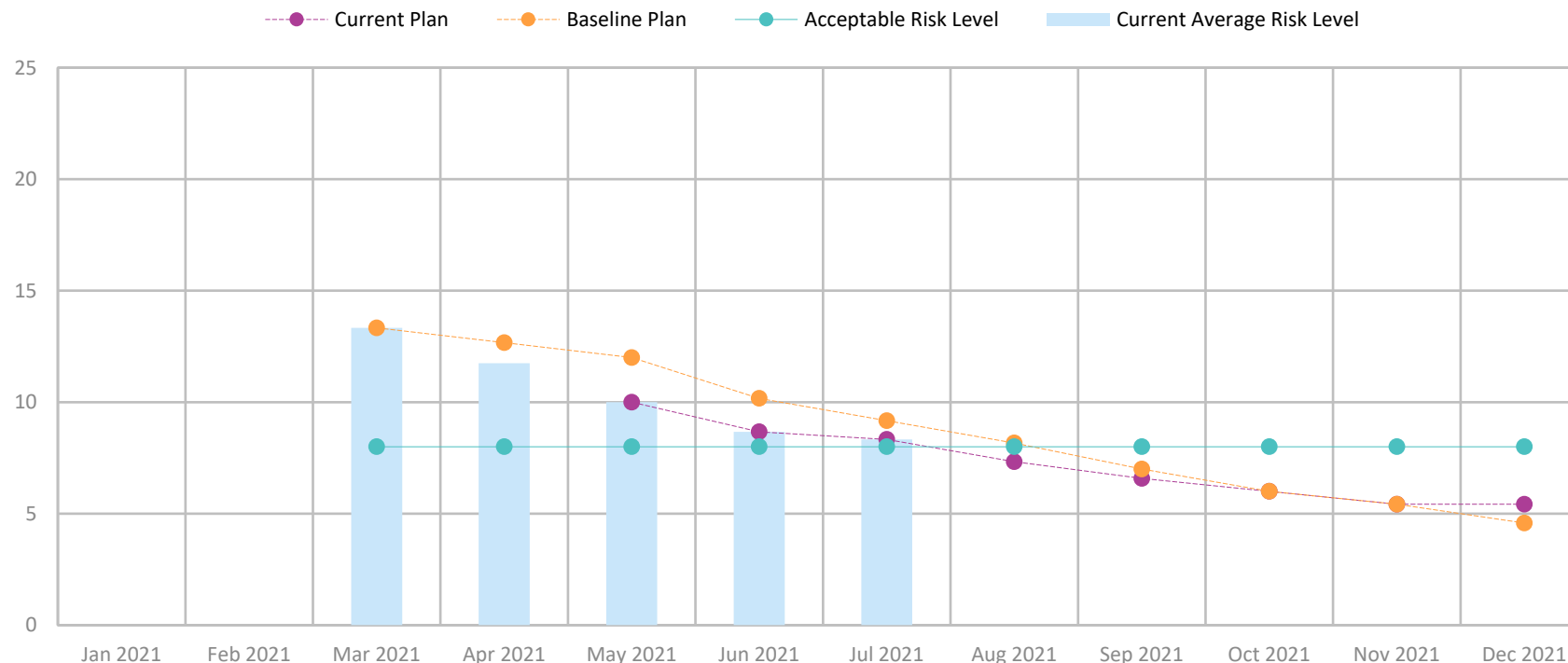


# Proven Budget Narrative Approach

## 3. Roadmap – Planned vs. Actual Risk Level

- We have stayed ahead of schedule for many months and below the acceptable risk level
- The decisions you made when you approved resources in March, ***enabled the organization to deliver on lowering risks*** through July

Baseline Plan vs Current Plan



## 4. Risks That Require Treatment

Personally Identifiable Information (PII) unintentionally leaving the organization is currently the highest risk is the Risk Register

Risk ID	Risk Score	Risk Description	Likelihood	MISSION (For Our Customers)	OBJECTIVES (Business Goals)	OBLIGATIONS (3 <sup>RD</sup> Party & Public)
12	20	PII leaving the perimeter unintentionally	4	4	3	5
2	15	Secure application development is conducted by a third party that is non contractually obligated or coding securely.	3	4	4	5
2	12	All access requests are submitted via ServiceNow and executed by IT.	3	4	3	2
5	6	Passwords for privileged accounts not adequately managed	2	2	3	2
9	6	Employee onboarding lacks access roles	3	2	1	2



# Budget Narrative Approach

## 5. Budget Request - Level 1: Budget Level

Remediation Project	Estimated Completion Date	Status	Approved	RiskIDs Treated	Initial Implementation Costs		Ongoing Yearly Costs		Risk Reduction
					Hard Costs	Soft Costs	Hard Costs	Soft Costs	
DLP Implementation	12/31/2022	Open	No	5	\$250,000	\$30,000	\$20,000	\$10,000	<b>20 to 6</b>
Total					\$250,000	\$30,000	\$20,000	\$10,000	

### Today's Budget Request Summary

- Total Initial **Implementation Costs**: \$280,000 (\$250,000 Hard Costs + \$30,000 Soft Costs)
- Total Ongoing **Yearly Ongoing Costs**: \$30,000 (\$20,000 Hard Costs + \$10,000 Soft Costs)

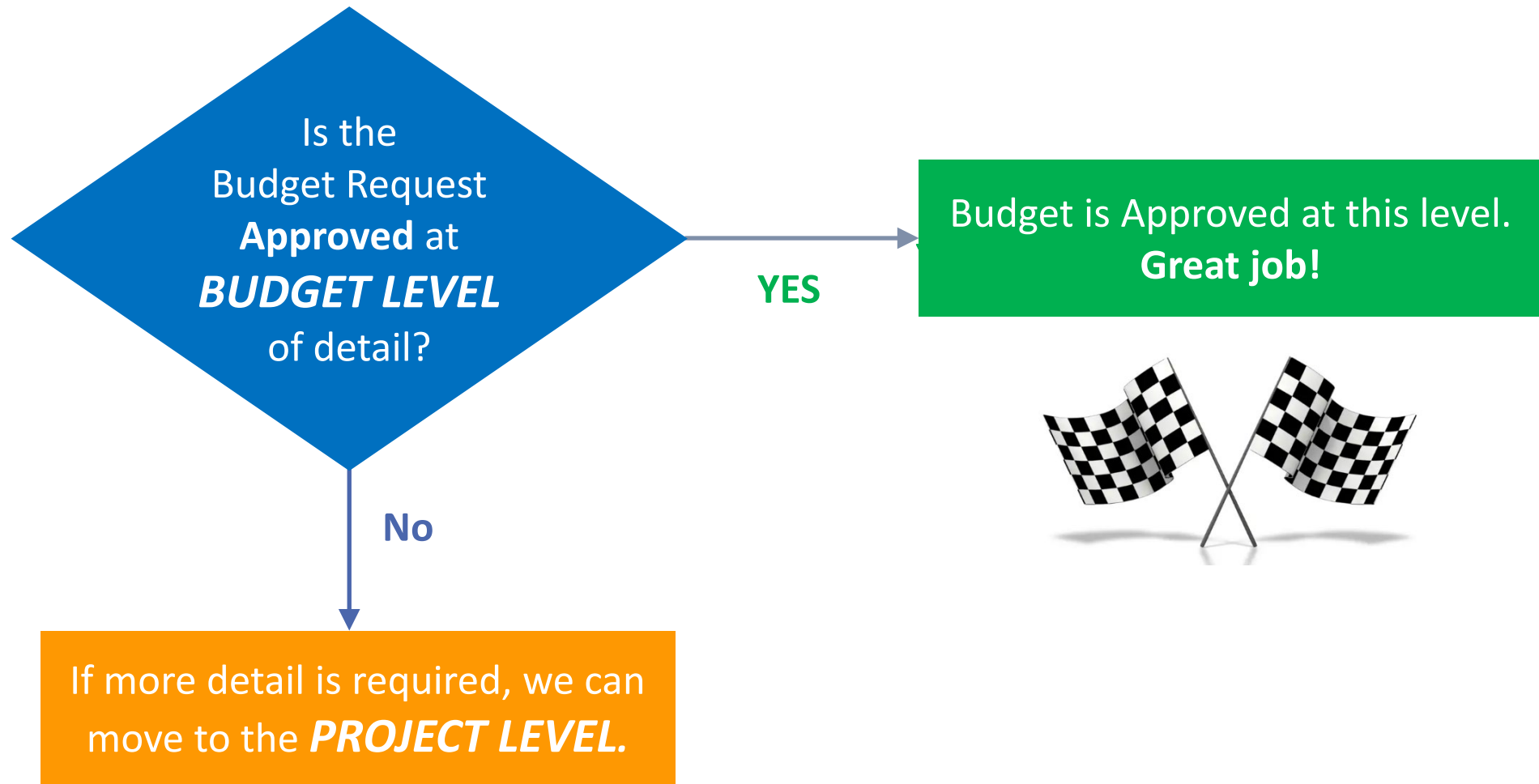
### Yearly Budget Variance Summary

- Yearly Budget Approved: \$1,000,000
- Yearly Budget Already Committed: \$800,000
- Budget Variance Requested: \$80,000 (\$280,000 + \$800,000 = \$1,080,000. This \$80,000 Over Approved Budget)





# Level 1 – Is Budget Level Request Sufficient?



# Budget Narrative Approach

## 6. Budget Request - Level 2: Project Level

Project Name: *DLP Implementation Project*

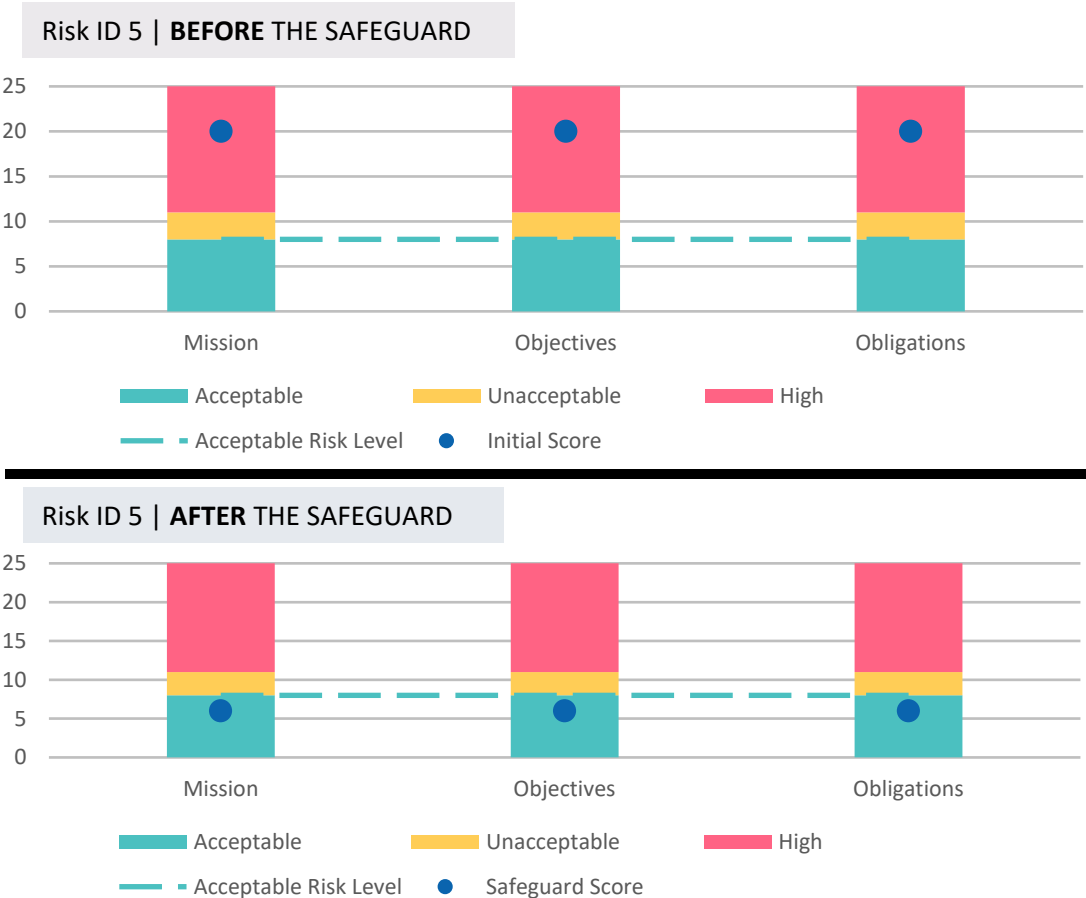
Estimated Completion Date	Status	Approved	RiskIDs Treated	Initial Implementation Costs		Ongoing Yearly Costs		Risk Reduction
				Hard Costs	Soft Costs	Hard Costs	Soft Costs	
12/31/2021	Open	No	5	\$250,000	\$30,000	\$20,000	\$10,000	20 to 6

What This Project Accomplishes

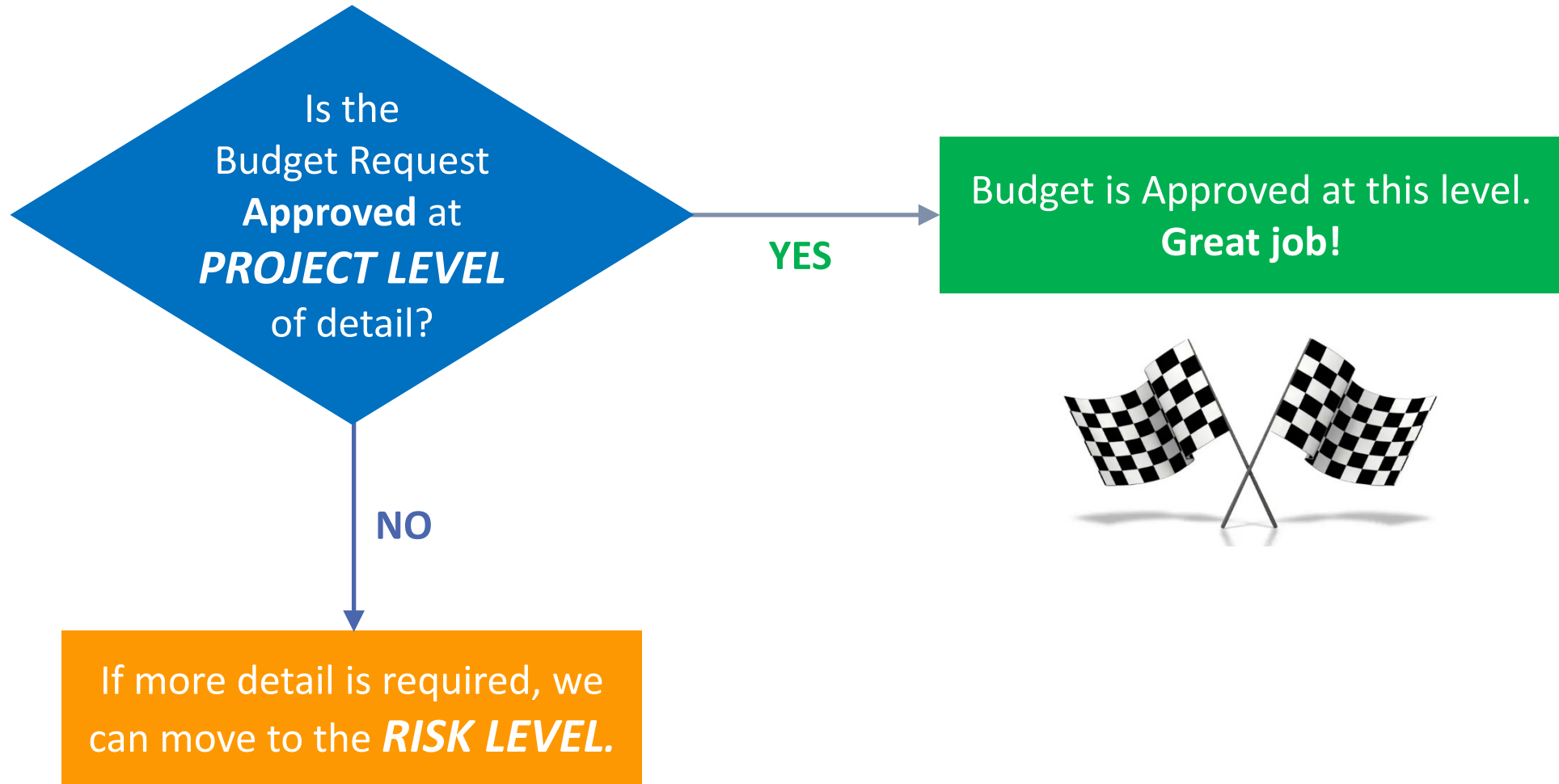
PII Leaving Perimeter. Utilizing a \$180 cost per lost PII record (IBM Security & Ponemon Institute Report), we calculate a breach cost of \$1,800,000 (\$180 x 10,000 customer records) with a potential likelihood of (5) multiple time each year.

This risk has a potential financial impact of \$1,800,000 multiple times per year

Notes



## Level 2 – Is Project Level Request Sufficient?

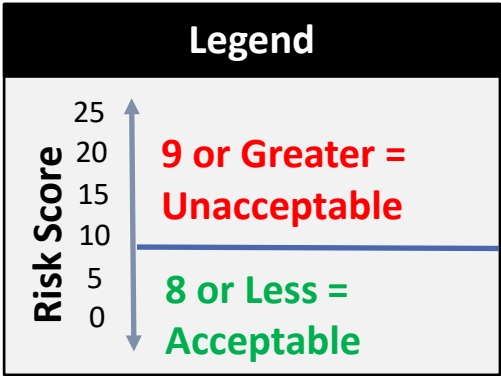


# Budget Narrative Approach

## 7. Budget Request - Level 3: Risk Level

### Risk Overview

Risk ID	Risk Description
5	PII Leaving Perimeter. Utilizing a \$180 cost per PII lost record (IBM Security & Ponemon Institute Report), we calculate a breach cost of \$1,800,000 (\$180 x 10,000 customer records) with a potential likelihood of (5) multiple time each year. This risk has a potential financial impact of \$1,8000,000 multiple times per year



### Related Project Overview

Remediation Project	Estimated Completion Date	Status	Approved	RiskIDs Treated	Initial Implementation Costs		Ongoing Yearly Costs		Risk Reduction
					Hard Costs	Soft Costs	Hard Costs	Soft Costs	
DLP Implementation Project	12/31/2022	Open	No	5	\$250,000	\$30,000	\$20,000	\$10,000	20 to 6

### RISK IF PROJECT IS NOT DONE

Risk Score: 20 out of 25 (Unacceptable)	Mission Score: 16 out of 25	Objectives Score: 16 out of 25	Obligations Score: 20 out of 25
Likelihood = 4 Likelihood (4) x Highest Impact (5) = Risk of 20	4.00 - Many Customers consistently cannot access beneficial information.	4.00 - Profits may take more than a fiscal year to recover.	5.00 – 10,000+ records exposed

### RISK AFTER DOING THE PROJECT

Risk Score: 6 out of 25 (Acceptable)	Mission Score: 6 out of 25	Objectives Score: 6 out of 25	Obligations Score: 2 out of 25
Likelihood = 2 Likelihood (2) x Highest Impact (3) = Risk of 6	3.00 - Some Customers cannot access the information they need to maintain good health outcomes.	3.00 - Profits are off planned variance and may take a fiscal year to recover.	1.00 – 0 to 49 records exposed



# Proven Budget Narrative Approach

**Does Management have information to answer the 4 questions?**

1. **Risk Management:** “clear line” to know if a Risk “is okay” to accept? **Yes, must remediate**
2. **Communication:** Speaking the same or different languages? **Yes, impacts in business terms**
3. **Legal Protection:** Legally protected? **Yes, we’re performing “due care”**
4. **Budgeting:** Spending the right amount? **Yes, spending \$280,000 first year to avoid \$1.8M potential impact multiple times each year**

## Trust and Confidence



## What happened?

- Built Trust using the Proven Budget Narrative
- Answered all 4 Questions

**Budget Approved!**



# Managing the “Delta”

## Where You Start to Where Budget is Approved



### Trust

You may be walking in with a Trust Level that is low for whatever reason and the “delta” to where you need it to be for budget approval will be a greater distance

# Managing the “Delta”

## Where You Start to Where Budget is Approved



### Trust

You will need to get into the yellow to get some/partial level of budget approval.



# Managing the “Delta”

## Where You Start to Where Budget is Approved



### Trust

You will need to get into the yellow to get some/partial level of budget approval.

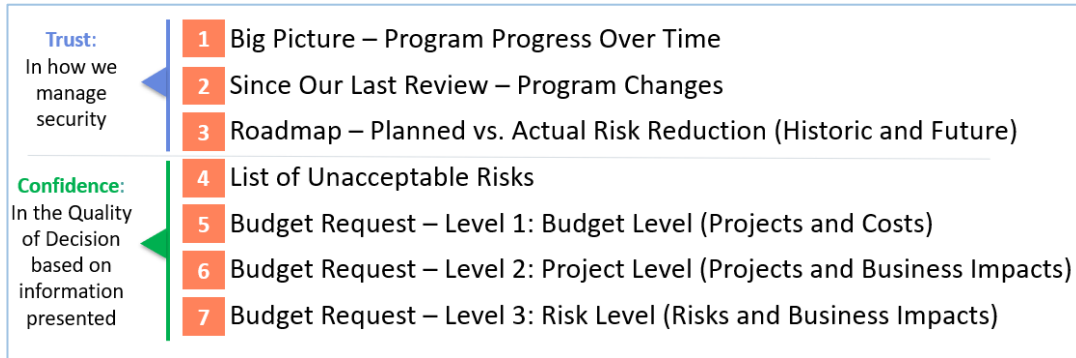
### Confidence

You need to be prepared to provide quality information and Answer the 4 Questions to get into the green and get full budget approval.



# Putting it All Together

## Budget Requester Provides Proven 7-Step Budget Request Narrative



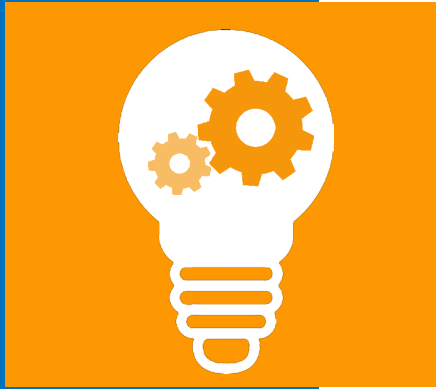
## Budget Approver Receives Ability to Answer 4 Questions

### Does Management Have Information to Answer the 4 Questions?

1. Risk Management: “clear line” to know if a Risk “is okay” to accept? **Yes**
2. Communication: Speaking the same or different languages? **Yes,**
3. Legal Protection: Legally protected? **Yes, we’re performing “due care”**
4. Budgeting: Spending the right amount? **Yes**



## Budget Approved!



## 4. Applying It

*Now, Three Months and Six Months*

# What's Next...

- **Process** - DoCRA

- DoCRA contains all the information required to communicate in business terms
- Enlist the help of a professional

- **Output** - Budget Narrative

- How you present the information is as important as the data you present!
- If graphic design is not your forte, use a software package

When you are trying to build **trust** and **confidence**, mistakes and unprofessional appearance don't sit well

# Thank You

## Now Go Get Your Budgets Approved!

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